UC San Diego

Herbert Wertheim School of Public Health and Human Longevity Science



Objective

Our goal is to determine if the utilization of UCSD's campus food pantry is associated with decreased anxiety symptoms

Background

- **42%** of college students attending a University of California campus experience food insecurity
- Individuals experiencing food insecurity are subject to higher incidences of stress, anxiety, depression, poorer quality of sleep, and lower academic performance
- 63% of American college students experience high rates of anxiety

Methods

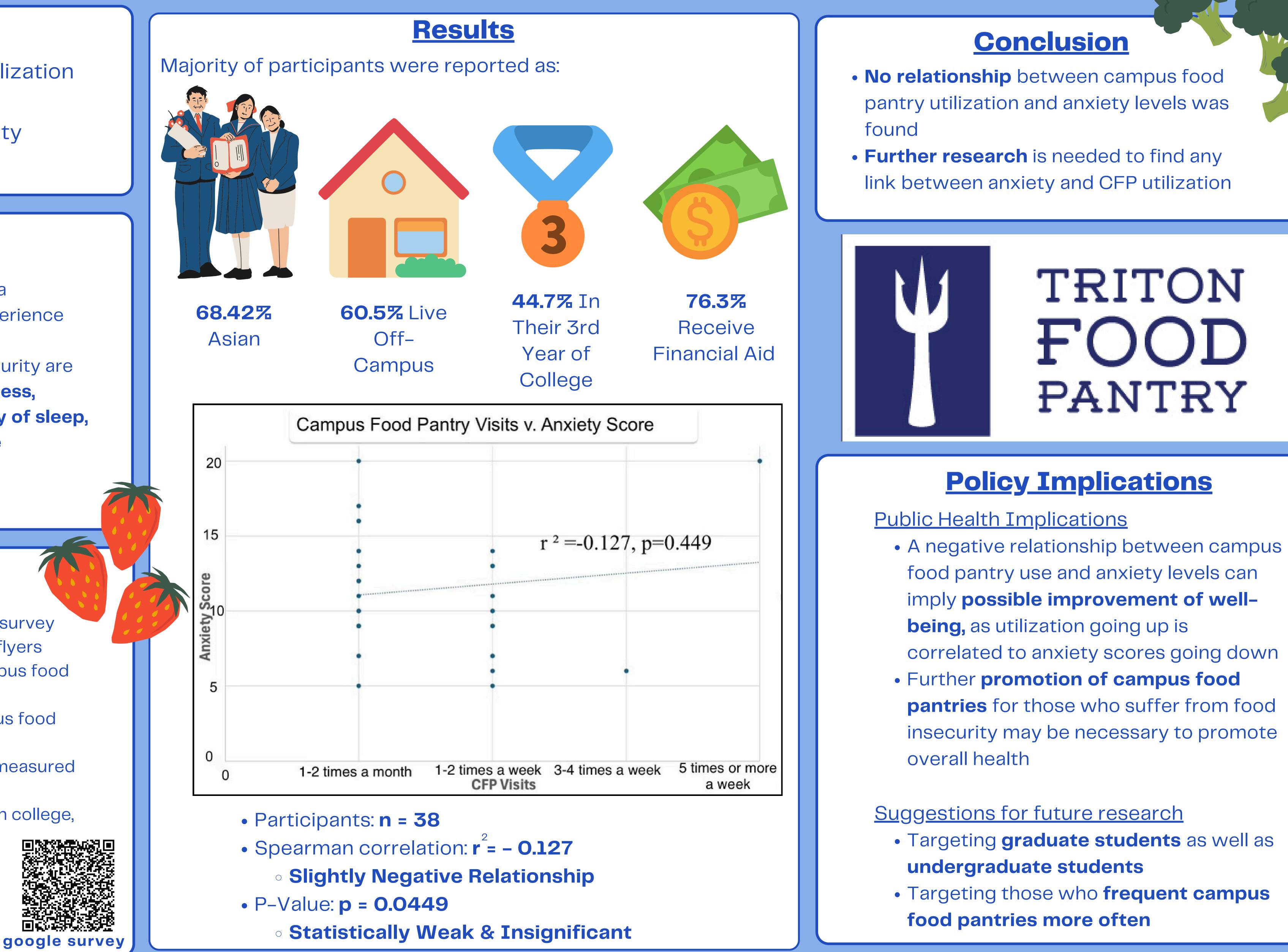


Study Design

- Cross-sectional study utilizing a google survey
- **Distribution** through social media posts, flyers around campus, and outreach to the campus food pantry newsletter
- **Exposure Variable** Frequency of campus food pantry use
- Outcome Variable Anxiety symptoms measured using the GAD-7 Test
- Other Variables include Age, Race, Year in college, FAFSA/financial aid status, Living status

Statistical Analysis

Excel software – Spearman Correlation Coefficient



Feeding Our Stomachs, Not Our Anxieties

FOOD PANTRIES & LEVELS OF ANXIETY

Sarinajoy Amon, Miranda Kreal, Joseph Ngyuen

INVESTIGATING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN UTILIZATION OF ON-CAMPUS

