### UC San Diego

Herbert Wertheim School of Public Health and Human Longevity Science

## Hungry For Change: A Survey on Food Insecurity at UC San Diego, 2023

Hannah Choi, Kathryn Madison Jarrell, Alexia Lopez, Yuri Ayala, Grace Nakashima, and Nancy Binkin, MD, MPH B.S. in Public Health Honors Practicum | University of California, San Diego | Herbert Wertheim School of Public Health and Human Longevity Sciences

#### Introduction

- Food insecurity among college students associated with adverse effects on academic performance
- UCSD students may face difficulties because of local food availability and costs
- Survey conducted in early 2023 to evaluate prevalence and risk factors for food insecurity and access to food resources

#### Methods

- Food insecurity module developed in as part of a multicomponent online Qualtrics survey, sent out to all Bachelor of Science in Public Health (BSPH) senior capstone students
- Six-item USDA questionnaire and score system used to define food security status
  - Low security: reduced quality, variety, or desirability of diet
  - Very low security: multiple indications of disrupted eating patterns and reduced food intake
  - Insecure = low + very low food security
- Epilnfo 7.1 used to calculate prevalence rate ratios (PRR) + 95% CI for associations between demographic risk factors and food insecurity and levels of food insecurity and academic outcomes

#### Results

- Response rate 82% (178/217)
- 38% of students met USDA definition of food insecure (16% low, 22% very low)
- Significant risk factors for food insecurity :
  - First generation status (PRR = 2.1, 95% CI 1.3-3.4, p<0.001)</li>
  - Living off-campus (PRR = 1.7, 95% CI 1.0-2.9, p = 0.03)
  - Working students (PRR = 1.6, 95% CI 1.0-2.6, p = 0.04)
  - Pell Grant recipient (PRR = 2.1, 95% Cl 1.4-3.1, p<0.001)
- Dose-response relationship between level of insecurity and GPA < 3.0, with food insecure students 5.7 times more likely to have lower GPAs (95% CI 1.7 19.1, p<0.001)</li>
- Even among students with very low security, food resource awareness exceeds use
  - 71% aware of UCSD Food Pantry, 29% have used
  - 58% aware of CalFresh assistance resources, 34% have used

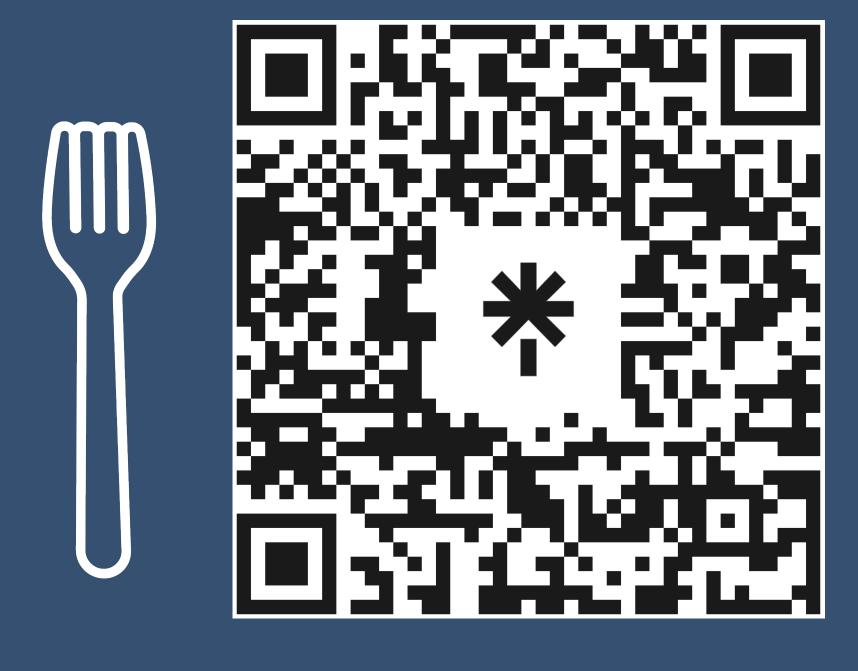
#### Conclusion

- Nearly 40% of BSPH seniors are food-insecure, four times the rate of 10% for the state and national average
- Levels of very low food security were ten times the rate of 4% for the state and national average
- University leadership must recognize food insecurity as a priority and mobilize efforts to decrease the prevalence of food insecurity on campus



UCSD Triton Food Pantry, April 2023

Nearly 40% of UCSD BSPH seniors are food insecure, four times the state and national rate of 10%



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#### Food Insecurity by Demographic Characteristics

		Food Security Status, %		
Characteristic	N	Very Low	Low	Food Insecure
First generation				
Yes	115	28%	18%	46%
No	63	10%	13%	22%
Living off-campus				
Yes	130	25%	18%	42%
No	48	13%	13%	25%
Working				
Yes	125	26%	17%	42%
No	53	11%	15%	26%
Pell Grant				
Yes	82	28%	25%	52%
No	96	16%	8%	25%

# Knowledge vs Use of Food Resources among Students with Low and Very Low Food Security, BSPH Capstone Survey, 2023 (N=67)

